

Name:

Statistics

Date:

Practice Quiz 3-A

1. Multiply values of (nP_r) to calculate the number of possible outcomes for each of the following. Do not use permutations or exponents.

a) Roll 3 twelve-sided dice.

Each die has 12 possible outcomes, 1 of which will be chosen.

b) Choose 3 people from a class of 24.

This is a group of 3 people that are not distinguished from each other.

c) Flip a coin, roll a 10-sided die, and draw a card.

A coin has 2 sides, and a deck has 52 cards.

d) Arrange the letters of the word PEPPERS in any order.

There are 7 spots to choose from from the 3 Ps, etc.

e) Rank 5 classes from easiest to most difficult.

Choose the easiest of the five classes, then the easiest of the remaining four classes, etc..

f) Choose 3 cards from one deck and 2 cards from another deck.

This is two separate choose problems.

g) Choose your favorite, second favorite, and third favorite movie from a list of 55 movies.

This is three separate choose problems.

h) Select a president, a vice president, a treasurer, and a secretary from a class of 210 students.

This is three separate choose problems.

2. Rewrite your work for problems e, g, and h, above, using permutations instead of combinations.

Write nPr , showing that you are choosing r of the n items and uniquely identifying each chosen item.

e)

g)

h)

3. There are 24 honors freshman math students. Make up a word problem for each of the following answers.

a) ${}_{24}C_2$

For combinations, it does not matter which freshman is which.

b) ${}_{24}P_2$

For permutations, it matters which freshman is which.

c) ${}_{24}P_3 \cdot {}_{21}C_2$

You are choosing 3 students where it matters which one is which and then two students where it doesn't matter which one is which.